

Planning for the Future

The Planning White Paper on a single page

The government are consulting on a 'new vision for England's planning system' with proposals grouped under three pillars. This briefing sets out some of the key changes.

Pillar 1: planning for development	Pillar 2: planning for beautiful and sustainable places	Pillar 3: planning for infrastructure and connected places	Delivering change
A nationally set target of 300,000 homes per annum, with 'binding' targets for local authorities which factor in land constraints Five year land supply and Duty to Cooperate removed Interactive map-based Local Plans produced on a statutory 30-month timeframe, identifying Growth, Renewal and Protected land over a minimum 10-yr period NPPF as the primary source of development management policies Emphasis on engagement at the plan making stage A single statutory 'sustainable development' test to replace the existing tests of soundness A digital-first approach	A new National Model Design Code and a revised Manual for Streets, to complement the existing National Design Guide Local design codes and guides to be prepared with community involvement by Local Planning Authorities A national design body to support the use of design codes and guides, and exploration of a new role for Homes England in delivering beautiful places The introduction of a 'fast track process for beauty' NPPF changes to require all new streets to be tree- lined A chief officer for design and place-making in each local authority	A new fixed rate Infrastructure Levy to replace S106 and Community Infrastructure Levy, based on the final value of development Increased flexibility for Local Authorities on how the Levy is spent Extending the Levy to capture changes of use through some permitted development rights Local authorities able to borrow against the new Levy to forward fund infrastructure Affordable housing can be used to offset the levy	A comprehensive resources and skills strategy for the planning sector Cost of operating the planning system to be principally funded by the beneficiaries of planning gain (landowners and developers) rather than the taxpayer Strengthened planning enforcement powers and sanctions A focus on digital planning and freeing up development management resources A new performance framework for Local Planning Authorities A regulatory review to identify and eliminate outdated regulations which increase costs for Local Planning Authorities
Click to read more	Click to read more	Click to read more	Click to read more

Next steps: Read the RTPI's initial analysis | Contribute to the RTPI's response